Human Migration
Objectives:

* The student will identify and explain the different types of human migration.
* The student will identify the categories of people who migrate and describe the differences among them.
* The student will identify the reasons people move.
## What is Human Migration?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cues</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Human Migration</td>
<td>the movement of people from one place to another</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
What are the different types of human migration?

**Cues**

Internal Migration

**Notes**

moving within a state, country, or continent
Types of Migration cont.

Cues
External Migration

Notes
moving to a different state, country, or continent
Types of Migration cont.

Cues
Emigration

Notes
leaving one’s country to move to another

Can see countries losing population as a result of emigration.
Types of Migration cont.

Cues

Immigration

Notes

moving to a new country

Can see countries gaining population as a result of immigration.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cues</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Return Migration</td>
<td>Moving back to where you came from</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Types of Migration cont.

Cues
Seasonal Migration

Notes
moving with each season or in response to work or climate conditions
People Who Migrate

Cues
Emigrant

Notes
person who is leaving one country to live in another

Polish emigrant boarding ship
Immigrant

a person who is entering a country from another to make a new home

Immigrants waiting for entry at Ellis Island, New York.
Cues
Refugee

Notes
a person who has moved to a new country because of a problem in their former home
Why do people move?

Cues
Push factors

Notes
forces that drive people away from a place

Examples
food shortages, crime, war, floods, lack of services
Why do people move?

Cues

Pull Factors

Notes

forces that draw people to immigrate to a place

Examples

political stability, nicer climate, job opportunities, safety
Push and Pull Factors

**Push Factors**
- unemployment
- lower wages
- crop failure
- poor living conditions
- poor health and/or education services
- few facilities
- natural disasters
- civil war

**Pull Factors**
- more jobs
- higher wages
- better living conditions
- better education and health services
- better facilities
- less chance of natural disasters
Take the next five minutes to write your summary for this section of notes.